		STUDY MODULE D	ESCRIPTION FO	ORM			
	f the module/subject erials recycling ir	electrochemistry	Code 1010702221010712091				
Field of study			Profile of study (general academic,				
Chemical Technology			(brak)		1/2		
Elective	path/specialty	ial Electrochemistry	Subject offered in: Polis	h	Course (compulsory, elective)		
Cycle o							
Cycle U			Form of study (full-time,part-time)				
Second-cycle studies			full-time				
No. of h	ours				No. of credits		
Lectu	re: 2 Classes	s: - Laboratory: 4	Project/seminars	s: -	7		
Status of	-	program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another field)				
- 1 (1)		(brak)		(br	·		
Educati	on areas and fields of sci	ence and art			ECTS distribution (number and %)		
techr	nical sciences				7 100%		
	Technical scie	ences			7 100%		
Resp	onsible for subje	ect / lecturer:	Responsible for	subject /	lecturer:		
	lałgorzata Osińska		dr Piotr Krawczyk				
	ail: malgorzata.osinska 061-6653655	l@put.poznan.pl	email: piotr.krawczyk@put.poznan.pl				
	dział Technologii Chen	nicznei	tel. 061-6653659 Wydział Technologii Chemicznej				
-	Piotrowo 3 60-965 Poz		ul. Piotrowo 3 60-9	-)		
Prere	quisites in term	s of knowledge, skills an	d social compete	encies:			
1	Knowledge	The basic knowledge within che studies in the fields: chemical te engineering or other related field products and processes used in design, construction chemical so	chnology, environment ls. The student has kn the chemical industry	tal technolog owledge in t	y, chemical and process erm of raw materials,		
2	Skills	Student can work individually an experiments, interpret the obtain and comply with the safety rules	nd in teams, he is able to plan and carry out the chemical ned results and draw conclusions. Apply the basic regulations				
3	Social competencies	Student understands the need for collaborative tasks related to tea professional manner and comply	mwork. Student is awa	are of the im	portance of behavior in a		
Assu	mptions and obj	ectives of the course:					
Gaining knowledge in term of raw materials and mterials used in electrochemistry, methodes and technologies of their recovery and recycling, including materials used for preparation of modern chemical sources of energy. Skills of the laboratory experiments related to the recycling and recovery of materials arised from electrochemical wastes electrochemistry.							
	Study outco	mes and reference to the	educational resu	ults for a	field of study		
Knov	vledge:						
equipn		x chemical processes involving co cesses of neutralization and recov 03]					
2. Has	a well-established know	owledge in the field of occupationa	I health and safety [[K_W10]			
Skills	5:						
		ess the results of experimental stu nemical technology [K_U20]	dies and to determine	the direction	of further research solving		
make t	he analysis of possibil ance with the principle	valuate the experiment course an ities of the unit processes integra s of economy of materials and en	tion due to the raw ma	aterial and th	e final product, in		
Socia	al competencies:						
1. Is a	ware of the limitations	of science and technology related	to environmental prote	ection [K_	K02]		

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Rating of written answers within the subjects related to the theme of the laboratory

Current control of knowledge and practical skills, the correction for experimentation during laboratory classes.

An assessment of the final report achieved on the basis of experimental results.

A written final exam in the subject.

Course description

1.Introduction into the problems connected with water conditioning, solid and liquid waste management in electrochemical industry, especially related with metal surface finishing and chemical power sources production.

2. Technologies of galvanic coating application

3. Conservation and regeneration of selected solutions.

4. Secondary utilization of spent solutions.

5. Methods used for treatment of liquid and solid waste, for solutions regeneration, materials recovery and recycling.

6. Recovery of metals from post neutralization sludge

7.Reprocessing and recycling technologies of spent lead-acid batteries

8.Reprocessing and recycling technologies of alkaline batteries

9.Reprocessing and recycling technologies batteries and cells containing Zn and Mn

10.Piro- and hydro-metarullurgical methods of processing of batteries and cells

11.Reprocessing and recycling technologies of spent lithium cells and lithium ion batteries

12.Laboratories: students carry out the neutralization of several types of galvanic wastewater (using different methods: precipitation, coagulation, electrochemical and chemical processes)associated with the recovery selected anions and metals. Students use galvanic sludges as a source of raw materials.

Basic bibliography:

1. T.Stefanowicz, Gospodarka wodno-ściekowa i odpadowa w przemyśle elektrochemicznym, Wyd. Politechniki Poznańskiej, Poznań, 2001.

2. T.Stefanowicz, Otrzymywanie i odzysk metali oraz innych surowców ze ścieków i odpadów pogalwanicznych, Wyd. Politechniki Poznańskiej, Poznań, 1992

3. Praca zbiorowa, Poradnik galwanotechnika, WNT, Warszawa, 2002.

4. A. Czerwiński ? Akumulatory Baterie Ogniwa, Wyd. Komunikacji i Łączności, Warszawa, 2005.

Additional bibliography:

1. B.Bartkiewicz, Oczyszczanie ścieków przemysłowych, Wyd. Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2010.

2. L.K Wang, N.K. Shammas, Y.-T. Hung (eds) Advances in Hazardous Industrial Waste Treatment CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, Boca Raton FI. USA 2009.

3. S.A.K.Palmer, M.A.Breton, T.J.Nunno, D.M.Sullivan, N.F.Surprenant, Metal/Cyanide Containing Wastes Treatment Technologies, Pollution Technology Review No 158, Noyes Data Co, Park Ridge, New Jersey, 1988.

4. M. B. Hocking, Handbook of Chemical Technology and Pollution Control, Elsevier Inc. 2005.

5. A.M. Anielak Chemiczne i fizykochemiczne oczyszczanie ścieków, Wyd. Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2000.

6. Praca zbiorowa pod red. Czerwińskiego A., Rogulskiego Z., Utylizacja i recykling zużytych akumulatorów i baterii, Przegląd Komunalny 4 (2005).

7. D.C.R. Espinosa, A. M. Bernardes, J.A.S. Tenório, An overview on the current processes for the recycling of batteries. J. Power Sources 135 (2004) 311.

8. E. Sayilgan, T. Kukrer, G. Civelekoglu, F. Ferella, A. Akcil, F. Veglio, M. Kitis, Hydrometallurgy 97 (2009) 158.

Result of average student's workload

Activity		Time (working hours)
1. Preparation for the exam and exam		25
2. Preparing for the laboratories		55
3. Consultation		5
4. Lecture		30
5. Laboratory classes		60
Student's wo	orkload	
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	175	7
Contact hours	95	4

Practical activities 115 5			
	Practical activities	115	5